

## LESSON NOTES

# Learn with Pictures and Video S2 #4 Top 20 Cantonese Verbs 2

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# 4

# TRADITIONAL CHINESE

1. 猴子在看著攝錄機。
2. 男人正在吊床上休息。
3. 遊客正在等火車。
4. 地產經紀正在與客戶會面。
5. 男人住在澳洲悉尼。

## JYUTPING

1. hau4 zi2 zoi6 hon3 zoek6 sip3 luk6 gei1
2. naam4 jan2 zing3 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jau1 sik1
3. jau4 haak3 zing3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1
4. dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6
5. naam4 jan2 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4

## ENGLISH

1. The monkey is looking at the video camera.
2. The man is resting in the hammock.

CONT'D OVER

3. The traveler is waiting for the train.
4. The real estate agent is meeting a client.
5. The man lives in Sydney, Australia.

## VOCABULARY

Traditional	Romanization	English	Class
猴子	hau4 zi2	monkey	noun
住	zyu6	to live, to reside	verb
會面	wui6 min6	to meet	verb
客戶	haak3 wu6	client	noun
地產經紀	dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2	real estate agent	noun
等	dang2	to wait, to wait for	verb
遊客	jau4 haak3	traveler, tourist	noun
火車	fo2 ce1	train	noun
吊床	diu3 cong4	hammock	noun
休息	jau1 sik1	to rest	verb
男人	naam4 jan2	man	noun
攝錄機	sip3 luk6 gei1	video camera	noun
	hon3	to look	
悉尼	sik1 nei4	Sydney	noun

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<p>猴子正在用一根木枝吃螞蟻。</p> <p><i>hau4 zi2 zing3 zoi6 jung6 yat1 gan1 muk6 zi1 hek3 maa5 ngai5</i></p> <p>The monkeys are eating ants with a stick.</p>	<p>佢住喺八樓。</p> <p><i>keoi5 zyu6 hai2 baat3 lau2</i></p> <p>He lives on the eighth floor.</p>
<p>地產經紀正在與客戶會面。</p> <p><i>dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6</i></p> <p>The real estate agent is meeting a client.</p>	<p>地產經紀正在與客戶會面。</p> <p><i>dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6</i></p> <p>The real estate agent is meeting a client.</p>
<p>地產經紀正在與客戶會面。</p> <p><i>dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6</i></p> <p>The real estate agent is meeting a client.</p>	<p>女遊客在等火車。</p> <p><i>neoi5 jau4 haak3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1</i></p> <p>The traveler is waiting for the train.</p>
<p>遊客在嘗昆蟲。</p> <p><i>jau4 haak3 zoi6 soeng4 kwan1 cung4</i></p> <p>The tourist is tasting the insect.</p>	<p>女遊客在等火車。</p> <p><i>neoi5 jau4 haak3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1</i></p> <p>The traveler is waiting for the train.</p>
<p>我要去火車站。</p> <p><i>ngo5 jiu3 heoi3 fo2 ce1 zaam6</i></p> <p>I'd like to go to the train station.</p>	<p>男人在吊床上搖晃，很輕鬆。</p> <p><i>naam5 jan2 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jiu4 fong2 han2 hing1 sung1</i></p> <p>The relaxed man is swinging in the hammock.</p>
<p>那群豬正在太陽下休息。</p> <p><i>naa5 kwan4 zyu1 zing3 zoi6 taai3 joeng4 haa6 jau1 sik1</i></p> <p>The pigs are resting in the sun.</p>	<p>男人在練習拳擊技巧。</p> <p><i>naam5 jan2 zoi6 lin6 zaap6 kyun4 gik1 gei6 haau2</i></p> <p>The man is practicing his boxing skills.</p>
<p>猴子在看著攝錄機。</p> <p><i>hau4 zi2 zoi6 hon3 zoek6 sip3 luk6 gei1</i></p> <p>The monkey is looking at the video camera.</p>	<p>男人住在澳洲悉尼。</p> <p><i>naam4 jan2 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4</i></p> <p>The man lives in Sydney, Australia.</p>

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is tense comparison in Cantonese.

### Present tense, Present Progressive tense, and Past tense

In this lesson you'll learn the difference between the different tenses in the Cantonese language: present tense, present progressive tense, and past tense.

#### 1. 猴子在看著攝錄機。

*hau4 zi2 zoi6 hon3 zoek6 sip3 luk6 gei1*

"The monkey is looking at the video camera."

Tense	Cantonese	Romanization	English
non-past tense	猴子看著攝錄機。	<i>hau4 zi2 hon3 zoek6 sip3 luk6 gei1</i>	"The monkey looks at the video camera."
present progressive tense	猴子在看著攝錄機。	<i>hau4 zi2 zoi6 hon3 zoek6 sip3 luk6 gei1</i>	"The monkey is looking at the video camera."
past tense	猴子看過攝錄機。	<i>hau4 zi2 hon3 gwo3 sip3 luk6 gei1</i>	"The monkey looked at the video camera."

#### 2. 男人正在吊床上休息。

*naam4 jan2 zing3 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jau1 sik1*

"The man is resting in the hammock."

Tense	Cantonese	Romanization	English
non-past tense	男人在吊床上休息。	<i>naam4 jan2 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jau1 sik1</i>	"The man restes in the hammock."
present progressive tense	男人正在吊床上休息。	<i>naam4 jan2 zing3 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jau1 sik1</i>	"The man is resting in the hammock."

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past tense	男人曾經在吊床上休息。	<i>naam4 jan2 cang4 ging1 zoi6 diu3 cong4 soeng6 jau1 sik1</i>	"The man rested in the hammock."
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### 3. 遊客正在等火車。

*jau4 haak3 zing3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1*

"The traveler is waiting for the train."

Tense	Cantonese	Romanization	English
non-past tense	遊客等火車。	<i>jau4 haak3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1</i>	"The traveler waits for the train."
present progressive tense	遊客正在等火車。	<i>jau4 haak3 zing3 zoi6 dang2 fo2 ce1</i>	"The traveler is waiting for the train."
past tense	遊客曾經等火車。	<i>jau4 haak3 cang4 ging1 dang2 fo2 ce1</i>	"The traveler waited for the train."

### 4. 地產經紀正在與客戶會面。

*dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6*

"The real estate agent is meeting a client."

Tense	Cantonese	Romanization	English
non-past tense	地產經紀與客戶會面。	<i>dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6</i>	"The real estate agent meets a client."
present progressive tense	地產經紀正在與客戶會面。	<i>dei6 caan2 ging1 gei2 zing3 zoi6 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 min6</i>	"The real estate agent is meeting a client."

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		<i>dei6 caan2 ging1</i>	
past tense	地產經紀與客戶會過面。	<i>gei2 jyu5 haak3 wu6 wui6 gwo3 min6</i>	"The real estate agent met a client."

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## 5. 男人住在澳洲悉尼。

*naam4 jan2 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4*

"The man lives in Sydney, Australia."

Tense	Cantonese	Romanization	English
present tense	男人住在澳洲悉尼。	<i>naam4 jan2 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4</i>	"The man lives in Sydney, Australia."
present progressive tense	男人正住在澳洲悉尼。	<i>naam4 jan2 zing3 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4</i>	"The man is living in Sydney, Australia."
past tense	男人曾經住在澳洲悉尼。	<i>naam4 jan2 cang4 ging1 zyu6 zoi6 ou3 zau1 sik1 nei4</i>	"The man lived in Sydney, Australia."