

## LESSON NOTES

# Survival Phrases S1 #2 You're Welcome! in Cantonese

### CONTENTS

- 2 Traditional Chinese
- 2 Jyutping
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar
- 3 Cultural Insight



## TRADITIONAL CHINESE

- 1. 唔使
- 2. 唔使唔該
- 3. 唔使客氣

## JYUTPING

- 1. m4 sai2
- 2. m4 sai2 m4 goi1
- 3. m4 sai2 haak3 hei3

## ENGLISH

- 1. You're welcome. / No need.
- 2. You're welcome.
- 3. You're welcome.

## VOCABULARY

Traditional	Romanization	English	Class
唔使唔該	m4 sai2 m4 goi1	You are welcome.	phrase
唔使客氣	m4 sai2 haak3 hei3	You're welcome.	phrase

2

唔使	m4 sai2	You are welcome.	phrase
			p

#### SAMPLE SENTENCES

唔使唔該。 m4 sai2 m4 goi1。	唔使咁客氣。 m4 sai2 gam2 haak3 hei3。
You are welcome.	You're most welcome.
唔使。 m4 sai2。	

You are welcome.

#### GRAMMAR

唔使 (*m4 sai2*) is the standard word for "You are welcome" in Cantonese and literally means "no need." This is usually said after someone first tells you 唔該. 唔 is a low fourth tone, while 使 is a rising tone. Another variation in Cantonese is 唔使唔該 (*m4 sai2 m4 goi1*). In the first lesson, we covered 唔該 as "Thank you." Combined with 唔使, this turns into "No need to thank me."

唔使客氣 (*m4 sai2 haak3 hei3*) is another way to say "You are welcome" in Cantonese. The last two characters (客氣) mean "to be polite." All together, 唔使客氣 in English is "No need to be polite."

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

#### Quick Tip: 1

In general, 唔使唔該 (*m4 sai2 m4 goi1*) is not a formal phrase to use in response to "Thank You," but rather a casual way to respond. We use 唔使客氣 (*m4 sai2 haak3 hei3*) in formal occasions, especially to a person who has seniority over you.

When using both 唔使唔該 (*m4 sai2 m4 goi1*) and 唔使客氣 (*m4 sai2 haak3 hei3*), we extend the last syllables, 該 (*goi1*) and 氣 (*hei3*), a bit longer.

#### 提示一

一般正常來說,唔使唔該是比較非正式回應句子,一般是普通日常生活說 的,但是唔使客氣則是比較正式的回應,尤其是對比自己輩份高的人

#### 提示二

兩句句子"唔使唔該"和"唔使客氣"的最後一個字"該"和"氣",在講的時候要稍 稍拖長一點